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DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE.

HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

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"HARLENE" FOR THE

THE VERY FINEST DRESSING

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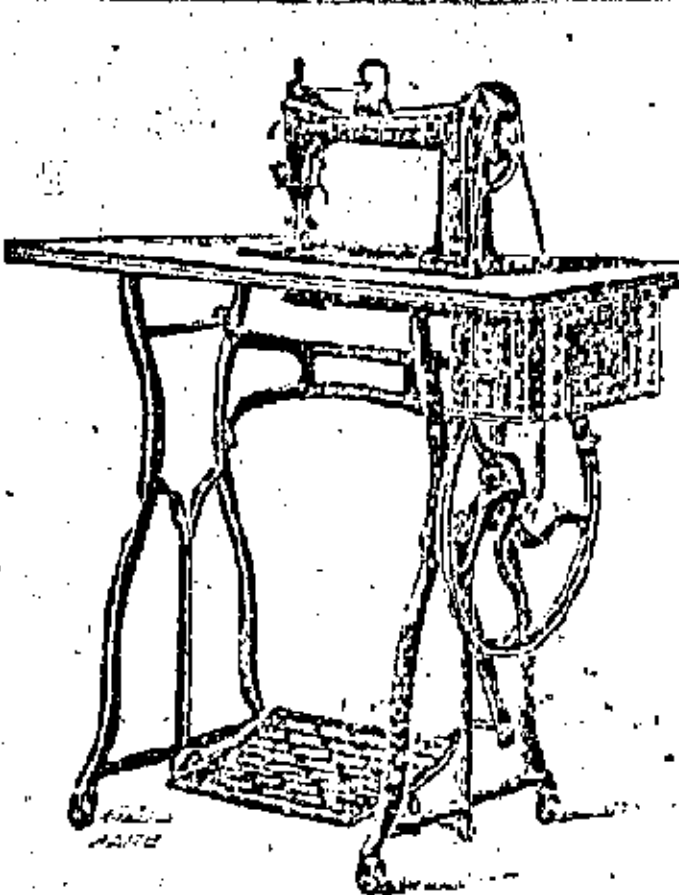
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SINGER'S MACHINES.

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Retail Prices may be had on application.

Hongkong, August 29, 1901.

1709

JUST UNPACKED.

BEST GERMAN SAUSAGES of a

well known make in Small and Large

Tins of various kinds.

Finest WESTPHALIAN HAMS.

H. RUTTENBERG.

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Hongkong, July 15, 1901.

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THE CHINA AND JAPAN

TELEPHONE AND ELECTRIC

CO., LTD.

HONGKONG EXCHANGE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

EXCHANGE LINES.

899 Per Annum.

PRIVATE LINES.

\$180 Per Annum.

NO CHARGE FOR INSTALLATION.

N.B.—A special charge is made for line

of more than average length.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

OF EVERY

DESCRIPTION IN STOCK.

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ELECTRIC BELLS.

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SWITCHES.

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PRICE LISTS

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INSTALLATIONS

Erected and kept in order.

Estimates given for all kinds of Elec

trical work.

Trained Mechanicians sent to Out-Port

to fit up. Installations if required.

NOTE ADDRESS—No. 2, Ice House Street

For full particulars, &c., &c.,

Apply to

W. STUART HARRISON.

Manager.

Hongkong, December 12, 1900.

140

A RAMBLE THROUGH SOUTHERN

FORMOSA.

By G. TAYLOR, J. M. Customs.

With Woodcuts.

[Reprinted from the China Review.]

One of the Best Sketches of Formosa Life

yet written.

Price \$1.00.

'CHINA MAIL' Office, 5 Wyndham Street,

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(In English and Chinese.)

WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use

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For Sale.

FOR SALE.

\$600 MEXICAN.

GENTLEMAN'S CLEVELAND, BRUCE

Bred Three months.

JAM MOND.

China Mail.

Hongkong, September 3, 1901.

1840

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RURAL BUILDING, 1st No. 1st Avenue

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together with the four HOUSES standing

thereon. The Owner is prepared to

accept an offer for the whole lot or to sell

the houses separately, subject to the existing

tenancies. Any portion of the purchase

money can remain on Mortgage at 8 per

cent per annum. For detailed particulars

apply to

DENNY & BOWLEY.

Solicitors.

Supreme Court House.

Hongkong, August 24, 1901.

1702

FOR SALE.

JOHN GRAY'S Choice "FIVE

CROWN" WHITE Well-known to

commissioners in the East.

G. C. ANDERSON.

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Hongkong, June 11, 1901.

1251

SPECIAL SALE.

(On behalf of the Poor Orphans)

of

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S UNDER-

CLOTHING and other Useful and

Unobtainable Articles, suitable for BIRTH-

DAY PRESENTS, &c., will be held

AT THE ITALIAN CONVENT,

from

25th to 28th September.

Commencing at 2 p.m.

The Prices will be marked on every article.

The Superiority of the goods to be received and merit

a large share of public patronage.

ITALIAN CONVENT.

20, Canal Road.

Hongkong, September 9, 1901.

1873

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned has received instructions

to Sell by Public Auction,

on

THURSDAY,

the 12th Sept., 1901, at 2.30 p.m., at

No. 13 Seymour Terrace, for Account

of the Estate of the late P. H. Joseph,

A QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE,

Comprising—

SILVER TABLES, CHINA, DRAWING

ROOM SETS, BRASS AND IRON, CASES

AND STOVES, CHINA, DECORATIONS

WITH BEVELLED GLASS, FINE BRASS FENDERS,

MAHOGANY CASES, TAPISTRY AND

LACE CURTAINS, JAPANESE CHAIRS,

VASES, ORNAMENTS, &c., &c.

TEA, SOUVENIR, DINING TABLE, DINNER

WAGGONS, TEA AND OCCASIONAL TABLES,

CUTLERY, ELECTRO-PLATED GLASS, AND

CHINA WARE, &c., &c.

BRASS MOUNTED BEDSTEPS, TEA WARD-

ROBINS, DRESSING TABLES, MARBLE TOP

WASHSTANDS, &c., &c.

BATHROOM AND PANTRY REQUISITES.

Also—

1 COTTAGE PLANO by J. Bismarck

and Son.

1 MILLINERS' SAFE.

On View from Wednesday, the 11th Sept.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

GEO. P. LAMBERT.

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, September 5, 1901.

1849

Dentistry.

AMERICAN SYSTEM

OF

DENTISTRY

30, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

CHADWICK KEW,

(Late of PADE and NOLLE.)

Hongkong, July 12, 1897.

2536

DENTISTRY.

SUI SANG.

Late Practitioner with Dr. I. SAKATA

DENTIST.

No. 4, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, January 1, 1898.

3

S. I. TING.

Surgeon Dentist.

No. 14, D'ARLINGTON STREET.

Consultation Free.

Hongkong, April 24, 1901.

628

DENTISTRY.

AMERICAN SYSTEM.

WONG HO-MI.



THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS.



ALL THE WORLD KNOWS SCHLITZ;
HALF THE WORLD DRINK IT;
AND THE OTHER HALF OUGHT TO.

WATKINS, LIMITED,

CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,

SOLE AGENTS.

THE FUMES FROM CEMENT WORKS.

Engineering says that the fumes from cement works can be very objectionable to one who has been in the districts of the Thames and the Medway where they abound. They are ill-smelling, due to the organic matter in the mud from which the cement is made, and they spoil the appearance of the country by covering vegetation with a layer of grey dust which chokes the pores of the plants, and so stunts their growth. It has not, however, been proved that they are directly prejudicial to health, and hence there is no general prohibition of them. As a rule the local authorities are too keenly interested in the welfare of the trade to impose harassing restrictions. Many years ago complaints of nuisance from cement works' fumes led to this class of works being included under the operation of Section 10 of the Alkali Act of 1881, with a view to the plant and processes of manufacture being studied, and to rules being made, if feasible, for the reduction of the nuisance. No rules were ever made, partly because the chamber kiln became very generally adopted in some districts, and greatly reduced the amount of smoke and dust which was turned out. When such kilns are draughted to chimneys of considerable height a large portion of the solid matter evolved during the calcination of the materials is retained in the chamber flues, and only comparatively thin vapour is discharged at such an elevation that it is easily and completely dispersed. Of later years, however, practice has shown a tendency to alter, and now it is quite customary to use low chimneys, which are productive of nuisance. In some works coke ovens have been established, and the waste heat from them utilized to dry the slurry for the kiln where the open-kiln system is in use. The gases escaping from these ovens accentuate the nuisance from the kilns. Attempts are being made to avoid smoke in other ways. The Ransome cylinder kiln is being put to further test. In this the dried slurry is fed in the form of powder,

down an inclined rotating cylinder into the lower end of which gas is fed to be consumed in intimate contact with the powder. An American patented process is also about to be exploited on a large scale on somewhat the same lines. At three or four works in Kent, the Cunnor drier is being used, and has reduced the smoke nuisance. The hot fuel gases are driven by a fan through a long chamber. In this the liquid slurry is dried in saggers of earthenware, carried in skeleton trucks and as the combustion of the fuel is complete, the process is a great improvement on the coke-oven system in respect to the smoke question. The cement industry is one of immense importance, and not one that should be rudely disturbed for the purpose of preventing a nuisance which is not seriously felt. It must be remembered that large portions of the estuaries of the Thames and the Medway would be almost uninhabited were it not for the population which is attracted and supported by the cement works and the industries subsidiary to them, and were the works closed thousands of people would have to migrate to other districts. Nevertheless—adds Engineering—it is a pity to see unsatisfactory kilns erected at the present time, when the experience of 20 years shows that equally good, if not better, results can be obtained by apparatus which is less objectionable to the residents in the neighbourhood.

DID EER BOY GOOD?

My boy has been growing too fast one way, and not enough the other. I didn't know what to do, until I heard of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Oil. I have bought him two bottles. He eats much more than he ever did, and he doesn't look like the same boy.

G. A. GARDNER,
85, Chase St.

'THE BACK DOOR.'

THE Series of Articles entitled 'THE BACK DOOR,' which appeared in the China Mail, have been reprinted, and may be obtained in Pamphlet Form.

Hotels.

Peak Hotel.

CITY OFFICE.
7, DUNDRELL STREET.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

PLUNKET'S GAP, THE PEAK.
near the TRAM TERMINUS, TOWNHOUSE 56.
For Terms,
Apply to the MANAGER. 741

KOWLOON HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL is situated in a quiet locality, away from the din and disturbances of the City, and surrounded by a delightful Garden it is an ideal place of residence. The building stands on an eminence, giving a magnificent view of the harbour and the City of Victoria. It is within easy access of the Kowloon Wharves, where the principal Mail Steamers disembark Passengers, and from which there is a regular ferry service to Hongkong. Bowling Alley and Billiards.
The Cuisine is Excellent.
J. W. OSBORNE, J. H. DOWNS,
Proprietor, Manager.
Hongkong, September 6, 1901. 1850

THE WAVERLEY HOTEL.

ICE HOUSE STREET, HONGKONG.
A First-Class Private Family Hotel.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED and

Extremely Spacious Rooms.
Very MODERATE TERMS to FAMILIES by the Day or MONTH.
Hongkong, December 18, 1900. 2039

NEW VICTORIA HOTEL.

ROTISSERIE,
Meat a la Carte.

(HOPS, STEAKS, etc., etc., at any time, between 7.30 a.m. and 11 p.m.)

Monthly Table at Moderate Rates.
Madar & Farmer,
Proprietor.
Hongkong, May 1, 1899. 1787

Pelham House,

FAMILY HOTEL.
WYNDHAM STREET.
M. MOORE,
Proprietor.

ASK FOR DROZ & CO.'S LEVER WATCHES and CHRONOGRAPHS.

All Watches Guaranteed.

Best Value, compatible with Good Workmanship.

TRADE MARKS:

BERNA, MAXIM.

Watches and Clocks repaired by Competent EUROPEAN EXPERTS.
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No. 10, Queen's Road Central.

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CONTRACTORS OF COALS to the Imperial Japanese Navy, Armaments and Railway; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail and Freight Steamers.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Miike, Tegawa, Yamano, and Ida Coal Mines. SOLE AGENTS for Fukuoka, Hokoku, Ichimura, Kanada, Kishim, Munemura, Onura, Onari, Tohriyama, Tsukakuro, Yoshinomi, Yoshio, Yumokura, and other Coal Mines.

Hongkong, August 1, 1901.

N. INUZUKA, Manager. 1119

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MELLIN'S FOOD

For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

When prepared is similar to Breast Milk.

MELLIN'S FOOD WORKS, PECKHAM, LONDON, ENGLAND.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Is an unfailing Cure

For Old Wounds, Sores, Piles, Fistulas, Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, AND EVERY FORM OF SKIN DISEASE.

Manufactured only at
78, New Oxford Street, London. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

OAKLEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

BEST FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING CUTLERY - 3, 6, 1/2, 2/6 & 4.

KNIFE BOARDS

PREVENT FRICTION IN CLEANING & INJURY TO THE KNIVES

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS

BLACK LEAD MILLS LONDON.

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS, LIMITED, "WELLINGTON" MILLS, LONDON. 87

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

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Goods of
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KNOWLEDGE,
PERSONAL
SUPERVISION**And a continuous suc-
cessful career of many years
is our guarantee that we
are in the best position on
the market to supply**HONEST LIQUORS
HONEST PRICES.****H. PRICE & CO.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.**
457, 17, Queen's Road.**MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.**
Miscellaneous.
9 a.m.—Re-opening of Queen's College.**General Memoranda.**FRIDAY, September 13.—
Goods per *Bencher* undelivered after
this date subject to rent.MONDAY, September 16.—
9 p.m.—Meeting of Perseverance Lodge.MONDAY, September 23.—
2 p.m.—Special Sale of Clothing at
Italian Convent.MONDAY, September 30.—
12.15 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of
the Great Eastern and Caledonian Gold
Mining Co., Ltd., at the Office of the
Company, No. 14, Des Vaux Road.**'THE BACK DOOR.'**THE Series of Articles entitled 'THE
BACK DOOR,' which appeared
in the *China Mail*, have been reprinted,
and may be obtained in Pamphlet Form
Price 51**A.S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.**

WINE MERCHANTS



Established 1841.

WATSON'S

Celebrated

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BLEND.

VERY OLD LIQUEUR**SCOTCH - -****- - WHISKY.**

Pronounced by Connoisseurs to be the

BEST BRAND in the FAR EAST.

Per Dozen £ ... \$15.00.

**A. S. WATSON & Co., Limited,
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.****DEATHS.**At 18, Quinson Road, Shanghai, Sep-
tember 4, Mrs ALICE SUMNER PARKER,
aged 49 years.
At Chofoo, on the 24th of September,
LYDIA FRY FOWLER, the dearly beloved
Wife of John Fowler, United States Con-
sul, Chofoo.The publication of this issue commenced
at 5.30 p.m.**The China Mail.**

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1901.

More important by far than any of the
executions of wicked officials, who were
connected with the Boxer movement, is
the very definite announcement from
the throne that the Wan Ching, or
essay writing, as the condition of suc-
cess in the degree examinations and the
passport to office throughout the Chi-
nese Empire is now once for all abol-
ished. Whilst freely admitting that many
causes brought about the upheaval and
massacres of last year, yet the most
potent factor for good or evil in the life
of China has been the terribly defective
system of education. To call it educa-
tion is really a misnomer, for it has had
just the opposite effect. Instead of
drawing out the faculties, it has cramped
and hindered their natural develop-
ment. Instead of widening a man's
sympathies and broadening his outlook,
his tendency has ever been to take an
exaggerated view of his own country,
his own surroundings and himself as an
embodiment and sort of epitome of
all learning, past and present. There
is a Chinese saying which sets this forth
in a couplet. 'A sui tsai (first degree
man) has no need to go abroad in search
of knowledge, for sitting in his own
room he may know all things.' There
is no need for a man of that class to
pray the prayer which is attributed to
the Scottish weaver, 'Oh, Lord, give us
a' guid conceit o' ourselves.' The liter-
ary man, after all, is the standing and
real difficulty in China. As a class,
hitherto they have been the despair of
everyone who has taken the slightest
interest in the regeneration of China.
The welcome news of the abolition of
the Wan Ching as the sole test for
degrees is the best thing that has hap-
pened to that Empire for many a long
year. The new rule will come into
effect next year. The curriculum for
the second and third degrees, which is
fully explained in the Imperial Edict,
will illustrate that of the other degrees.
The Chinese classics are put into a
secondary place, in spite of the injunc-
tion that they are ever to be considered
as the foundation of all learning. The
examination will be practically divided
into three parts. The first part will
deal with the government and history
of China. The second part, the govern-
ments of the world, arts, and manufac-
tures. The third part is devoted to
Chinese. The examiners for degrees
are instructed that before candidates
can be recommended for degrees they
must show proficiency in the three
branches of the examination. Style,
which has always been of more conse-
quence than matter, is put into a subor-
dinate place. Candidates are warned that
careful writing will not secure a pass
unless there is evidence of knowledge.
This is one of the most heretofore parts
of the Edict, and is a death blow to the
myriads of the *literati* who have looked
upon style as all-sufficient, and, like
chivalry, able to cover a multitude of
sins. There is a mastermind some-
where that has inspired and sent forth
this wonderful decree. The internal
evidence points to the Emperor himself.
The most scathing part of the Edict is
that which speaks of the Military
examinations (so-called) as 'out of date',
'useless', 'hopeless'. Not one word is
offered in extenuation. The old ex-
amination, consisting of tossing heavy
beans, lifting heavy weights, and shoot-
ing arrows, is swept away by one stroke
of the vermilion pencil. Men already
possessing military degrees must betake
themselves to military schools to learn
the elementary principles of the art they
profess. Does all this mean that the
long-expected day of reform and advan-
cement is about to dawn in China? If
so, the next year has many surprises in
store for us.**NOTHING LIKE OIL.**IN dealing with man, remember that a
spoonful of oil will go farther than a
gallon of vinegar. The same may be said
of children. There is nothing so good for
children as the oil-fish-liver cod liver oil.
However much they abhor it, it is their
best medicine for disorders of the bowels.
The most severe cases of diarrhoea and
dysentery, however, Chamberlain's Cough
and Diarrhoea Remedy should
be given after the oil operates, and a
quick cure is sure to follow. For sale by
All Dealers, WATKINS, Ltd., General
Agents.**LOCAL AND GENERAL.****Notes by the Way.**Lady Curzon sails for India on the
27th inst.Bored Mails for Europe, etc., per s.s.
Patronage will close at 3 p.m. on Friday,
the 13th inst.Captain F. G. Poole the East Yorkshire
Regiment, is appointed a Railway Staff
Officer, China Field Force.The Car has written to the Emperor
William accepting his invitation to attend
the Naval manoeuvres at Dantzig on the
17th inst.Lieutenant W. B. Hulke, the Lincoln-
shire Regiment, is granted the local rank of
Captain whilst employed with the Chinese
Regiment.The final game in connection with the
Straits Chinese National Challenge Cup was
played on the 1st inst. at Tanjong Pagar be-
tween the Darul Akah and Pachel Karib
Clubs. The former won by 4 goals to 1.
The score of a fight this time.The following promotions have been
notified at the Admiralty: Vice-Admiral Sir
W. R. Kennedy to be Admiral; Rear-Ad-
miral W. H. C. St. Clair to be Vice-Admiral;
Captains Court P. C. Metaxa and J. S.
Hallifax, retired, to be Rear-Admirals; and
Captain the Hon. Ashton Curzon-Howe
to be Rear-Admiral.**Plague at Kwongchow-wan.**At Kwongchow-wan, the plague has
vanished after carrying off over four thou-
sand persons. The French have laid a new
town in that quarter to be called Allyville.
Lots are on sale there, the buyers being
bound to build houses on their allotments
within one year. Close by in a town called
Muk-loknee a Greek Church missionary
is at work.**Opium Seizure.**The *Bangkok Times* reports: Another
seizure has been made on the *Chantai*, this
time by the Customs. Thirty tins of opium
were found concealed under two layers of
beer bottles in a box in one of the 'boys'
cabins. The captain's boy has been ar-
rested. The quarter-master on the same
ship, who was caught as he was lowering
120 tins of opium into a *can chong* two days
ago, has been sent to jail for six months.
The ship's officers who made the arrest have
received \$74 as a reward.**Trade in South China.**In Mr Consul-General Scott's Report
on the Trade of Canton for the year 1900,
published by the Foreign Office, there are
one or two points bearing upon the com-
mercial effect of the Boxer rising which
are of great interest. The results of the
year's trading are 'highly satisfactory'.
Says Mr Scott: 'The political troubles
up north had no direct effect on the silk
trade here. This would appear sufficiently
extraordinary but when it is remembered
that what at first threatened to be a serious
recession confined in the Waichow Prefecture
during the months of October and
November, and that the silk-producing
districts, were the centre of the very serious
anti-convert trouble resulting in the destruc-
tion and looting of houses and property
to a very great extent, the fact that the
silk and all other trades were not injured
to a appreciable extent—and such, no
doubt, was the case—is incomprehensible.
They ought to have been and were not, and
that is really all that can be said.'**An Incredible Tale.**When an ordinary British citizen finds
the fluid coagulating on his pen, his first
and most natural thought is to clean out
his inkpot, and fill it with a fresh supply.
Not so a clerk in a Government office. To
him the refusal of his writing medium to
flow smoothly on to the paper is a gross
misdemeanor, to be gravely tried by a
competent tribunal. He, therefore, empties
the residual drops into test tube, and carries
them off to the Government analyst to be
chemically disintegrated and reported on in
official publications. That this is not a
travesty of what really happens, let the
following extract from the report of the
principal chemist of the Government La-
boratory bear witness: 'The samples
submitted by the Stationery Office chiefly
consisted of typewriter inks and carbon
papers to be used with the typewriter.
The ordinary writing ink was submitted on
a complaint that it thickened excessively
and clogged the pen, and, in illustration,
a sample of the contents of the ink-wells
in use in the particular public office
was forwarded together with a sample
of the ink supplied. It was found that
after the deposition of the separated solid
matter of the ink, collected from the ink-
wells in use, the fluid portion was found to
have a specific gravity twice that of the ink
supplied. In other words the ink had been
allowed to become concentrated by evapora-
tion to practically double its original
strength through the use of excessively
large ink-wells and inattention to the
supply.'Lover of the House (engaging servant):
But are you a good Irish? Irish Maid:
I should think I am, now! 'W, the
last place I was in. O! got up at five, lit
the fire, brushed the boots, made the break-
fast, and made all the beds before anybody
else was up.'**LOCAL AND GENERAL.****News from the Philippines.**The Manila Railway is to be con-
verted into an electric system.A large lumber mill is to be erected at
Baler in North Luzon.Dr. Pardo de Tavera, Mr. Bonito
Legarda and Mr. Jose Luzuriaga have been
added to the Civil Commission.It would seem from Manila newspaper
reports that there are many renegade
Americans fighting on the Filipino side.The U.S. battleship *Kentucky*, with
Admiral Kempf, left Cavite on the 29th
August for Yokohama, Cebu, and
Manila.The British barque *Chalanga*, with a
cargo of coal from Newcastle, U.S.W.,
went ashore near Point Sangley on the 21st
August. It is feared she will be a total
loss.In a fight between Chinese and Fili-
pines in the Taitai Province, the Chinese
had four killed and eight wounded. They
were engaged at the time repairing a rail-
way bridge.Don Carlos Palanca, the Captain China
of Manila, died on the 3rd inst., and was
buried at La Loma Cemetery on the follow-
ing day. Deceased was a native of Amoy.
His fortune is variously stated at \$1,000,000
to \$2,000,000.The planters of Negros have petitioned
the officials to import cattle from Borneo,
Java, Cochinchina, or China to help to
harvest the magnificent crops, which, with-
out help, will be lost owing to the destruc-
tion of the local carabao by rinderpest.**Purveyors to the King.**Messrs. Crase and Blackwell, Ltd.,
who held by Special Warrant the appoint-
ment of 'Purveyors to Her Majesty the
Queen and Empress of India' from the
year 1837 to the time of her death, have
now had the honour of being appointed by
Royal Warrant 'Purveyors to the King.'**Sir George O'Brien in Ceylon.**During their short stay in Colombo
whilst the M.M. steamer *Ville de Ciotet*
was in port (says *The Times of Ceylon* of
the 26th August), H. E. Sir George T. M.
O'Brien and Miss O'Brien were the guests
at Queen's House of H. E. the Governor
and Lady Ridgway. On Saturday Sir
George and Miss O'Brien accompanied the
Queen's House party to the Regatta after
having earlier in the day paid a visit to the
Colombo Museum. During their short stay
in the scene of his former labours Sir
George O'Brien was the recipient of many
visits from former colleagues and subor-
dines.**Colonial Commerce.**At a meeting of the council of the eastern
division of the National Union held in
London on Friday, the 26th July, a resolu-
tion was unanimously carried—'That in
view of the rapid development of maritime
warpower by foreign States, and hav-
ing regard to the ever increasing
magnitude of the British sea interests,
which mainly due to the expansion of
colonial commerce, this council hopes His
Majesty's Government will consider the
expediency of inviting Colonial Govern-
ments to a conference to consider the Im-
perial naval position, and the provisions
necessary to secure by a combination of
resources the freedom of the sea upon which
each and all parts of the Empire depend,
and without which military cooperation will
be impossible.'**American Trade with Hongkong.**The British Acting Consul-General at
San Francisco, in his report for 1900, notes
an increase in the shipments of flour to
China. Japan and China were also im-
portant customers for tinned fruits and
vegetables. The quantity of cement im-
ported from the Far East was as follows:—
China, 2,304,146 lbs.; and Japan, 981,200
lbs. The competition that was threatened
by the Chinese and Japanese manufac-
turers did not therefore turn out to be of
a serious nature. These imports are sent by
steamer, while the cement from Europe
comes by sailing vessels, and the difference
in the cost of transportation is said to of-
set the advantages they possess in cheap-
ness of production. The Pacific Mail
Steamship Company is building in the
Eastern States two vessels of 12,000 tons
each to be added to the company's fleet
operating between San Francisco and
Hongkong. These steamers will far ex-
ceed in size any others entering this port,
and their advent will demonstrate the fact
that conditions here are gradually following
those ruling on the Atlantic in the em-
ployment of larger vessels. The business
men of San Francisco held a meeting re-
cently to discuss plans for inaugurating a
line of steamers to Manila. As all freight
has now to be sent via Hongkong, the
need of such a line was demonstrated, and
a committee was appointed to ascertain
what business could be procured and to
take such steps as may be necessary.ATTN of roses sells at £20 an ounce, which
is about five times the value of gold.A servative stomach keeps more people
alive than a guilty conscience.**LOCAL AND GENERAL.****Notes from Nippon.**Osaka is now reported free from
plague.Col. Wogack has been suddenly or-
dered from Japan to Corea.Beer halls are becoming a very promi-
nent feature in Japanese cities.The Mormon missionaries propose to
give up Japan as too unpromising a field.The Belgian bank to be established in
Japan will have a capital of 50,000,000 yen.The *Katsu Maru*, of 1,650 tons, was
launched at Uraga for the N.Y.K. on the
28th August.It is reported that Sir Christopher
Furness is to build nine steamers for the
Hamburg-America line.The mammoth steamer *Celtic* was 8
days and 46 minutes from Liverpool to New
York, averaging 14.95 knots.The Japanese Government has just
decided that a railway may be handed over
to a foreigner as security for a loan.Telephonic connection has been estab-
lished between Tokio and Yokohama on one
side and Yumoto (Hakone) on the other.A telegram from Peking to the *Tokio
Asahi* says that England will occupy Tien-
tsin as long as Russia occupies Newchwang.When the fluctuations in the rice mar-
ket become too severe, the Japanese Gov-
ernment steps in and closes the exchange.Mr Masataka Nohara, director of an
association for introducing inventions un-
known to the public, has succeeded in
producing an electric current into their.The Russian Government is reported to
have bought the house at Otzu with its
grounds, to which the present Czar was
taken after the murderous attack on him
by a policeman.The Japanese Government Printing
Office has recently turned out two million
sheets of bank notes for H.E. Chang Chih-
tung, and is now printing a parcel for H. E.
Yuan Shih-kai.Of the four large steamers built at
Nagasaki for the N.Y.K., the *Isuchi* and
Osaka Maru gave the builders a loss, the
Kaga Maru came out square, and the *Tyo
Maru* left a profit. When ship-building
materials can be produced at the Govern-
ment foundry at Wakamatsu, vessels will be
built more cheaply in Japan than in Great
Britain.**Another Delegation to the Philippines.**The U.S. transport *McClellan*, with
the American delegates who are to enquire
into the administration of the Philippines,
arrived at Singapore on the 30th ult. The
delegates are: Senator Hon. A. C. Bacon,
of Georgia; and the following Congressmen:
—Hon. D. A. De Armond, Missouri; Hon.
D. H. Mercer, Nebraska; Hon. J. W.
Guinea, Tennessee; Hon. H. D. Greene,
Pennsylvania; Hon. E. Weeks, Michigan;
Hon. Chas. F. Joy, Missouri; and Hon. S.
M. Jack, Pennsylvania. Mr Willard Church,
of *The Army and Navy Journal*, and several
other passengers and military details are
also on the transport. The officers being:
Lieut. Col. D. J. Craigie, 8th Infantry;
Col. H. K. Bailey, Inspector-General's
Department; Major J. M. Gandy, Medical
Department; Captain M. L. McGrew, 11th
Infantry; and Lieut. O. Place, 8th Cavalry.
The vessel left Brooklyn on the 11th July.
Inspector-General J. C. Breckinridge,
of the United States army, who was originally
to have been of the party, left via San
Francisco a week later.**Dock Dividend at Singapore.**The following is the report of the
Tanjong Pagar Dock Co., Singapore, for
the half-year ending 30th June last:—The
net amount for the half-year available for
allocation, including \$265,000 brought for-
ward from last account, is \$722,000. The
directors recommend that a sum of \$290,000
be added to reserve for new Dredger,
Wharf Extensions and Developments, thus
raising the Special Fund to \$400,000. Pay-
ment of a dividend of 86 per share on the
subscribed capital of the Company is now
recommended. The proposed dividend
of 86 per share will absorb \$222,000; leav-
ing a balance of \$300,000, which is en-
gaged to be carried forward. A fund has
been created for insurance of tugs, barges,
lighters, launches, &c., and a sum of
\$15,000 has been placed to this account.
The total amount of the debenture issue is
\$1,435,000. During the half-year, the fol-
lowing changes on the board of directors
have taken place:—Messrs Thomas Scott, C.
W. Laird, G. M. S. Muir and W. P. Wad-
dell resigned, and Messrs John Anderson,
W. H. Shelford and W. A. Greig elected.
In the absence on leave of Mr P. T. Ewart,
one of the Company's auditors, Mr Alex.
Gentile has been appointed to act as an
auditor in his place. The offices of the
London Consulting Committee have been
removed from Whittington Avenue to 120,
Fenchurch Street.**LOCAL AND GENERAL.****Regimental Drafts.**To-morrow drafts will embark from
India on board the transport *Urala* for
the 2nd Bengal Infantry at present in North
China, and for the 3rd Madras Infantry
who will, in the course of a few days, be
stationed in Singapore.**Books and Magazines for Soldiers.**The Officer Commanding 2nd Battalion
Royal Welch Fusiliers will be glad of any
magazines, periodicals or books, which any
of the residents in Hongkong can spare, to
send up to North China and form the
nucleus of a library for the permanent
British Legion Guard at Peking as well
as for the British companies at Tientsin.
Books for transmission to the north can be
sent to the O. C. Detachment, R. W. Fusiliers,
Murray Barracks, or to the Of-
ficer Commanding the R. W. Fusiliers,
Mount Ararat. We hope there will be a
hearty response to this appeal.**Mutton or Dead Sheep?**The *Bangkok Times* of the 31st August
reports:—When the s.s. *Regisburi* arrived
at Koh Phai, the quarantine officer there
ordered the slaughter of seventeen sheep
afflicted with foot and mouth disease. The
carcasses were allowed to be brought up to
Bangkok. Several of the animals died on
the way down from Hongkong and were
thrown overboard. The Medical Officer
boarded the ship here to-day, but could do
nothing in the matter, as the cattle *Regisburi*
does not embrace sheep. The moral
seems to be that one should avoid mutton
just at present. Twenty-five sheep brought
down by the *Keongkee* the other day were
destroyed for the same reason.**Light Railways in Indo-China.**A Company has been started in France
to lay light railways in the principal
towns of Cochinchina, and then to extend
the lines so as to connect these places with
the cities. Saigon will be taken as starting
point. A system of working which has
proved successful in America will be turned
to account. Success at Saigon will be
followed up by extending the lines further.
It is feared that the establishment of the
company will result in the colony being
called upon to guarantee interest on the
capital of the venture. At any rate, the
carrying out of the scheme will give a much-
needed push to the trade of Saigon with
the interior. There will then be an excel-
lent chance for starting fairs in that city at
stated times.**Combating Malaria.**The following quotation from the *Times*
might be read with benefit by the officials
of Hongkong:—Roger's Liverpool corres-
pondent states that the following letter,
giving details of the operations conducted by
the sixth expedition of the Liverpool School
of Tropical Medicine, under Major Ronald
Ross, F.R.S., and Dr Logan Taylor, has
been received from Major Ross by the hon.
secretary of the School:—'Government
house, Freetown, Sierra Leone, July 19,
1901. My dear Sir, I gave a lecture
on malarial fevers yesterday. The Governor
presided. There was a very large audience.
His Excellency strongly supported and
commended the object of the present ex-
pedition of the Liverpool School of Tropical
Medicine. He said it was eminently a
practical object. Unlike most scientific
expeditions, which usually asked for large
sums of money, the present one came al-
ready supported with large funds. He said
that he would give every assistance, his
power and advice the people of Freetown
to do the same, and added that the whole
scientific world was watching with great in-
terest the present important experiment of
eradicating Freetown of the pests which
scientific men considered were the cause of
so many diseases. At the end of the meet-
ing Sir Samuel Lewis proposed a resolution,
which was carried unanimously, offering on
behalf of the people of Freetown every sup-
port to the expedition. Mr Blyden made
a strong and witty speech in favour of the
motion. The work is proceeding very
rapidly. We have 24 men (12 of these sup-
plied by the Government) constantly engaged
in draining away anopheline pools, and some
of the most waterlogged and pestiferous
streets have already, after only ten days'
work, been drained. Another gang of
seven men with carts is constantly engaged
in destroying mosquito larvae in private
houses and in carrying away tin cans,
broken bottles, old buckets, &c., in which
they breed. They clear about 40 houses
daily and carry away about ten cartloads of
old pots every day, of which about one-
third formerly bred mosquitoes. I am re-
serving my full resources for clearing the
draining streams at the end of the rains.
Labour is sufficient for the present. To-
morrow I start by the steamship *Jeffer* for
the Gold Coast to arrange for a similar
campaign there.' Dr Logan Taylor re-
sponds:—'Health of both of us perfect. Yours
sincerely, R. Ross.'**A COMMUNICATION.**A. HURON—Allow me to speak a few
words in favour of Chamberlain's
Cough and Diarrhoea Remedy. I suffered for three years
with the bronchitis and could not sleep at
night. I tried several doctors and various
patent medicines, but could get nothing to
give me any relief until my wife got a
bottle of this reliable medicine, which has
completely relieved me.—W. S. Broomfield,
Barnwell, Mo., U. S. A. This remedy is
for sale by All Dealers, WATKINS, Ltd.,
General Agents.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Plague.

During the past twenty-four hours, there were three fatal cases of plague (Chinese) reported in the Colony. The total number of deaths recorded this year is now 1545.

Mysterious Stabbing Affair.

A mysterious affair occurred yesterday, the facts of which have not yet come to light. A middle-aged Filipino musician reported at the Central Police Station that he had been stabbed in the left side by a young woman. He was taken to Hospital. It was afterwards found that the young woman, who resides in Upper Albert Road, was also stabbed. The Police are investigating the affair. In both instances, the wounds are of a superficial nature, and not likely to prove fatal. The young woman, it appears on further investigation, is a Spaniard, and boards at one of the houses known as College Gardens. She was attended by Dr. Lamont, Ocul Surgeon, but prefers, however, to keep the affair a secret. Dr. Lamont told the police when they went to take her dying depositions that his patient was not likely to die. The man is now out of Hospital, but is detained in police custody pending the investigations. The young woman's wound penetrated her corsets. The whole affair is, so far, shrouded in mystery. The young woman was removed late this afternoon to Hospital.

The War on Rats.

The offer of the \$2 weekly reward for the largest number of rats caught and brought to the office of the Manila Board of Health is bearing good fruit, as appears from the following results. During the week ending August 25 there were 204 rats caught and taken to the above office, and for that week the prize of \$2 Mex., was carried off by Antonio Lopez, with 30 rats to his credit; and in the week ending September 2, 237 rats were captured and produced, the prize winner being Jose Vargas, who had 16 rats captured to his score. For the capture of these rats the Health Department have distributed on him over two hundred patent rat traps, and these were being eagerly sought until the stock ran out, but a further supply is expected next week, and as soon as they arrive will be distributed in like manner. The names and addresses of all to whom these traps are loaned are kept on record, so that the Department can lay their hands on them at any time, and recall them from those who do not appear to bring in any captures, so that they may place them elsewhere to more advantage. Amongst the gamins and street Arabs of Manila the reward of \$2 per rat for the one having brought in the greatest number of rats, in addition to the cash payment of 1 cent for each rat has proved an incentive to a real war of extermination on the rodents, and the office of the Board of Health and the sub-offices are daily besieged by the youngsters enquiring for the traps.

Garrison Changes.

To-day, the 3rd Madras Light Infantry embarked at Kowloon, at 5 p.m. on board the transport *Nizam*, and got to Singapore next addition to the garrison there. Their place here has already been taken up by the 2nd (Queen's Own) Rajputs, who arrived here by the *Nervosa* yesterday from Shanghai. The 2nd Rajputs, consisting of 656 non-commissioned officers and men and a large contingent of followers, were played to their new quarters by the band of the 22nd Bombay Infantry. The regiment and its officers made themselves very popular during their stay in Shanghai, and it is hoped that they will do so here also. The 3rd Madras have earned a very good name for themselves. The regiment is in command of Lieut-Colonel C. W. Harris, and the following are the officers under him, viz.: Major H. L. Dodgson, Captain C. Hamilton, Captain F. A. Smith, Captain F. P. S. Dunford, Captain J. Pilkington (Pestal Department), Lieutenants A. Le F. Smith, R. J. Cumming, G. W. Ross and C. Hudson, I. M. S.; Second Lieutenants Hon. A. L. Murray and A. H. McClevery. Mrs. Dunford and daughter accompany the regiment. After disembarking the Madras at Singapore, the *Nervosa* will proceed to Calcutta. Major W. A. Watson, Central India Horse, and Mr. Watson going all the way. There are no other garrison changes contemplated in the meantime. In reporting the departure of the Rajputs from Shanghai, the *Mercury* says:—On their march from the camp at Jessel, to the wharf they were played to alternately by the band of H. L. G. M. S. *Hines* and the German Regina band. Many German officers on their chargers also accompanied the departing regiment to the wharf, a compliment which showed that the relations between the two garrisons must have been very cordial.

Mrs. Howler: 'Asbury, that was a most excellent sermon you preached on "vanity" this morning.' Rev. Howler: 'Well, I think, my dear, that I can assure you that there are very few men in this universe who could have done better.'

You the past quarter of a century there has been one continuous flow of letters bearing testimony to the truly wonderful cures effected, by Clark's World-famous Blood Mixture, 'the First Blood Purifier that science and medicine have brought to light.' Sufferers from Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Itch, Skin and Blood Disorders, Pimples and Sores of any kind are solicited to give it a trial to test its value. Sold every where, at 2s. 9d. per bottle. Beware of worthless imitations and substitutes. E24

TELEGRAMS.

THE 'BENMOHR' TRAGEDY.

SENTENCE ON ITALIAN SAILOR.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SINGAPORE, September 10.

At the Assizes here to-day, Laura, the Italian sailor charged with causing the death of Mr. Jones, the second officer of the *Ban liner Benmohr*, was convicted of causing grievous bodily hurt to the deceased under provocation.

He was thereupon sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE HONGKONG BANK ROBBERY.

The Hongkong Bank Robbery case in which several native men and women are accused of breaking into the Bank's strong room and stealing \$250,000, was opened to-day.

Two Counsel are conducting the prosecution, and five appear for the defence. It is expected the case will last five days.

CHINA AND THE POWERS.

The Protocol Signed.

London, 8th September, 1901.

The Protocol has been signed at Peking.

PRESIDENT McKinLEY IMPROVING.

Vice-President Roosevelt and the members of the United States Cabinet have arrived at Buffalo.

The physician in attendance on President McKinley has assured Vice-President Roosevelt that the President will recover.

The bulletin issued at nine on Sunday morning said that the patient had passed a good night, his mind is clear, and he is resting well. The wounds are progressing satisfactorily, and there is no inclination to peritonitis.

The bulletin issued at six on Sunday evening says that the President's condition continues satisfactory, and that he is sleeping quietly.

The real name of the President's assailant is Colgoz. In a signed confession, he states that he acted solely under the influence of anarchist literature and lectures, and declares that he has no accomplices.

The wounded President has not taken of nourishment since he was shot, but the physicians declare this unnecessary, as he has plenty of reserve strength.

Thousands of telegrams of sympathy have been received.

SHOOTING COMPETITION.

The 'B' Company, Hongkong Volunteer Corps, had their tenth shoot for Lieut. Aitken's Cup on the 8th inst., with the following result:—

| | 200 Yds. | 400 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. | 500 Yds. |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Mr. Pidgeon | 20 | 33 | 28 | 1 | 89 | | | | |
| Mr. Marshall | 25 | 27 | 33 | 1 | 85 | | | | |
| Mr. Hodge | 18 | 28 | 31 | 8 | 85 | | | | |
| Mr. Ormsby | 22 | 22 | 29 | | 83 | | | | |
| Mr. Rubie | 19 | 31 | 26 | | 83 | | | | |
| Mr. Cameron | 21 | 27 | 25 | | 74 | | | | |

MATERNITY HOSPITAL FOR HONGKONG.

There is an appeal in the *London Missionary Chronicle* for a maternity hospital, by Dr. R. M. Gibson, of Hongkong. It is now fourteen years since the London Missionary Society started medical mission work in Hongkong. In February, 1887, the Alice Memorial Hospital, the gift of Dr. Ho Kai in memory of his wife, was opened. Six years later a second hospital was erected, the gift of Mr. H. W. Davis, and named at his request the Netherlands Hospital. The Netherlands built on part of the London Missionary Compound, and is more valuable for in-patient than out-patient work. On Public Day, June 22, 1897, a change was made in the working of the two hospitals: the Alice Memorial being set apart for male in-patients only, and the Netherlands reserved for women and children. This arrangement suits the Chinese idea admirably. For obstetrical cases, however, only one small room is available—its size being 10 ft. long, 7 ft. wide, and 16 ft. high. This room has to provide breathing-space at times for mother, nurse, midwife, child, house surgeon, and doctor. In 1894 there was one case while in 1900 there were 17 cases. The Chinese women suffer fearfully at the hands of the ignorant Chinese midwife, who is little better than a fiend spreading misery and death in her track. We propose building a small maternity hospital, and the directors of the L. M. S. have already kindly granted a site immediately behind the Women's Hospital. The cost of erection is estimated to be about £700.

GAVE NEAR BEING A CRIPPLE.

JOSH Westhafer, of Longmont, Ind., U.S.A., is a poor man, but he says he could not be without Chamberlain's Pain-Balm if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of neuralgia. It is for sale by all Dealers. WARRICK, Ltd., General Agents.

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

Annual Meeting—The Interport Festival.

The annual general meeting of the members of Hongkong Cricket Club was held last evening, Mr. T. Scramble Smith presiding over a large attendance.

The Chairman, in submitting the Report and Statement of Accounts for the past year, said they would observe that, as in many years past, the Accounts only included items of expenditure and receipt within fixed limits, and did not purport to be a balance sheet showing the actual financial position of the Club as regards liabilities and assets.

Referring to the item of \$854.70 for tithes, refreshments, etc., the Chairman said that amount was not attributable to tithes alone. He had gone over the figures and found that the tithes expenditure was \$420.75. The expenditure for refreshments on account of the band, pipers, ladies and non-playing members who consumed tea and cake on Saturday afternoon (laughter) was \$308.95, something between \$50 and \$80 less than the sum spent on tithes. The balance was made up of \$65.15 on account of bills sent in by Messrs. Calbeck, Magregor and Co. which really ought to be debited to the Receipts Club account.

Now, with regard to the tithes account, about which certain members had reached the ears of certain members of the Committee, he might tell them that the sum of \$420.75 worked out at about 22 tithes during the year. That meant that about 500 persons had tithed, and the charge for each was 75 cents which the Club paid. The Club paid for no drinks; these wishing drinks paid for them themselves. The next item calling for attention was the cost of the railing. They would observe that the railing had been placed in position, and the item in the accounts represented the actual cost of laying down. On the credit side there was a sum of \$1066, being a portion of the expenditure contributed by Government, which, at the time of making up the accounts, was not paid over to the Club, and therefore did not appear in the credit account. In connection with this matter of iron railings, presumably the object was to keep the ground in a better state of repair.

He appealed now not only to the members of the Cricket Club but also to all members of the sporting community of Hongkong to aid him in this matter. In past years they would have seen a track of mud by Chinese coolies right across from north to south; and if they looked down from the Peak, tracks from the City Hall to the Murray Pier and from the Club to the other side would be perfectly visible. He hoped that in future members and non-members alike would endeavour to keep the ground in the best condition (applause). The next item he would refer to was the fourth paragraph in the report. They would notice that Mr. Pinckney for the third time in succession had won the Championship and therefore won the challenge cup outright (applause). That was all very nice for Mr. Pinckney, but what he wished to place before the members was that the cup was presented, and the Committee would forward and present the challenge cup to Mr. Pinckney, and he would be able to give the cup to the winner of the next season.

With reference to the Receipts Club, he had already referred to an item that ought to be added to the expenditure account, but had not been added. The accounts were made up in 1900, the total expenditure amounted to \$1458, but the total receipts were \$1058, leaving a balance at credit of \$400. They would well understand from the nature of this account that there must be some account which had not been put at the date when the accounts were made up. There was an outstanding account of \$348, and if they deducted this, the credit balance was reduced to something like \$100. The events of last cricket season were doubtless well within their memory. They had not what he would call a brilliant season, but they had a successful season, and he thought the interest in cricket had been well maintained. Nearly every Saturday there was a match, and most of the games were fairly well contested. He quite agreed that there was not much new blood in the civilian side, but he thought, with the players that they possessed, the civilian side did not make on the whole a bad show, especially, if he might remind them, when the civilians look up the pavilion and decorated them in an innings and something like 200 runs.

The chief performances were made by Mr. Frank Marshall, who, in the batting averages, and he was sure it was the truth of every member present that Mr. Marshall would be as successful in the forthcoming festival (applause). Mr. D. W. Salter headed the bowling averages. Those who saw him bowl probably formed their own opinion of his bowling, but those who watched against him formed a much better opinion (applause). The loss sustained by the Club through his being transferred to Gosport was a very serious disaster, and the only thing they could hope for was that some one would come forward to replace Mr. Salter (applause). They were expecting some guests to Hongkong to play not only cricket but tennis, golf, and he supposed, other things if the gentlemen of Hongkong were willing to take them on and they in turn were prepared to respond. He hoped therefore that the meeting would approve of the action of the Committee in having sent invitations to Shanghai and Singapore to visit Hongkong (applause). Later he would be in a position to tell them something about the arrangements.

There were no questions, and the Chairman moved that the Report and Accounts be adopted.

Mr. Justice Wise seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers and a committee took place, with the result that last year's members were re-elected as follows:—Mr. T. Scramble Smith (Chairman), Mr. P. A. Cox (Hon. Secretary), Mr. F. M. Maitland, Captain E. G. Wymouth, R.A., Major P. S. Dyson, A.P.D., Mr. H. Pinckney, Dr. Atkinson, and Commander H. Dyson, I.M.S. (Members of Committee).

Mr. E. D. Sanders said there were certain members of the committee not in touch with the younger members of the community, and he suggested that an alteration should be made in the rules to the effect that two members of Committee should retire altogether by rotation each year in order that new blood be introduced, or that they should have a permanent sub-committee to take an interest in the various sports connected with the Club.

The Chairman said that for as long as sports and sports were concerned, there

had been a sub-committee, and, so far as cricket was concerned, there had been no necessity for one. It was quite true that no member of the Committee was interested in the game of cricket, and if the meeting wished that a certain person be put on the Committee exclusively in the interests of the cricket, it was entirely within their function, and he would be the last to object. These were entirely matters for the Committee, and if it was the desire to have a sub-committee for cricket he was sure the Committee would be only too pleased to have suggestions.

The matter then dropped.

THE INTERPORT FESTIVAL.

The Chairman said with regard to the forthcoming interport festival that the first thing to be considered was the question of expense. On the last occasion, in 1897, the Committee asked the Club for a grant of a thousand dollars for the purpose of entertaining their guests. On this occasion, the Committee felt that, in consequence of the increased number of players coming, the expenses would very likely exceed \$1000, and they directed him to ask the Club to contribute then to spend a sum not exceeding \$1500. A second reason for the increased expense was that they would have to erect a match, and that would cost a good deal more than it would have cost in 1897, and if the Club gave a few the lanterns, etc., would cost more. As an alternative, he was asked to suggest that a subscription list be opened. He might say that he was authorised by the Committee, which met last Saturday, that six of them, if re-elected, would guarantee a sum of \$200 amongst themselves towards meeting the expenses (applause). If a subscription list was opened, the Committee wished to obtain sanction to spend a sum of money equal to the difference between the amount subscribed and the sum of \$1500. The Committee were of the opinion that the latter course was the better, as it was a lessor sum, and they felt that the Amateur Athletic Club had very kindly volunteered to give a performance in the City Hall one evening (applause). It was proposed to have a fête on the cricket ground, and it had been suggested that it might take the form of a cricket match (applause). Then there would be a dinner at which, of course, every person would pay his proportion of the expense. Then there would be a match for members and their friends and all the ladies in the Colony. That would be an expensive item. There would be another from which fall rather heavy on the Club last time. That was that gentlemen might come for whom they were unable to find accommodation in private houses, and they would have to put them up in the Hotel. The Chairman concluded by proposing that a subscription list be opened, and that the difference between the amount subscribed and the sum of \$1500 be furnished from the Club funds.

The motion was altered accordingly, and Mr. Salter having seconded, it was carried. The Chairman said a number of committee had been appointed in connection with the festival. There was the Dining Committee, and there was the Fete Committee, and of course, the A. D. C. were doing their share independently. A Housing Committee had been appointed, consisting of Mr. Cox and himself. They were expecting about 35 gentlemen, including cricketers, golfers and tennis, and he hoped there would be no difficulty in assigning billets to them. He would be obliged if gentlemen would volunteer to receive the strangers if they were only for a matter of ten days. He hoped that they would be able to give the strangers a jolly good time (applause). He would like to say one final word, and that was to any body who knew of a good cricketer in the colony, let him let him by him by all means. He hoped that the members of the Shanghai and Singapore people were not coming to play only the Hongkong Club. If there were other clubs in the Colony who could help with a good bowler or a good batsman all that was desired was that person should be put on the list of the committee, and he was safe in guaranteeing that he would get a good trial (applause).

On the motion of Mr. Sanders, a vote of thanks was awarded to the Chairman, and the meeting terminated.

THE OPENING UP OF CHINA.

A Consular Suggestion.

In his report on the trade of Amoy in 1900, Mr. Consul Mansfield writes:—

If I might venture to express a humble opinion on so vast a subject as the opening up of China to foreign trade, I would lay down the following as the general lines to which I think attention should be given:—

1. Improvement in communications by railways, roads, and canals, with facilities for the employment of foreign capital.

2. A revised tariff, including the abolition of export duties with provisions for increased import duties, which should include a 3 per cent. loan, freeing foreign goods to all parts of the Empire. In the same way as opium is freed under the additional Article of the Convention.

3. An extension of the Transit Pass system to all Chinese produce whether in the hands of foreigners or Chinese, with a fixed duty payable to the Government of each province through which the goods have to pass. If necessary for provincial expenses, a small octroi might be levied in towns and cities on native goods not in transit.

4. The establishment of a proper Mining Board with regulations liberally drawn to induce the employment of foreign capital.

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SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before His Honour T. Scramble Smith, Acting Judge.)

Tuesday, 10th September, 1901.

DISPUTE BETWEEN CONTRACTORS.

Lik Kee, contractor, 53 East Street, sued C. E. Warren, contractor, Wyndham Street, for \$33, being the value of a quantity of bricks used by defendant. Defendant entered a counterclaim for \$100, the value of a door sill broken by plaintiff's workmen.

Mr. Hays, solicitor, represented plaintiff, and Mr. Goldring appeared for defendant. Mr. Hays said his client was erecting certain houses on Island Lot 77, and the work he had contracted to do was finished except the laying of the floors. This work he had to do to Lai On and a contract with the Chinese language was entered into between them. In the course of the work of laying the floors, the sill got broken by one of Lai On's workmen. So far as plaintiff was concerned he was not liable for what was done by the workmen of Lai On. He had not got a translation of the contract, but he asked his Lordship for leave to put it in.

His Lordship said the contract was not stamped; why was this and why was it not translated?

Mr. Hays said he had been unable to get it from his client in time. Continuing, he said that after pulling down the old houses and rebuilding them, his client had a quantity of old bricks left over, and these were stacked against the wall of a building where defendant's men were working. Defendant's men pulled down this wall and on top of Lik Kee's. Defendant then commenced to erect a new wall and used considerably more bricks than he had pulled down, and ran short. Consequently he fell back on plaintiff's bricks without the knowledge of plaintiff, and used the quantity sued for.

His Lordship would not allow the Chinese contract to go in without a stamp unless Mr. Hays undertook to pay the penalty and have it stamped and a certified translation put in. The penalty would be the expenses of the day.

Mr. Hays decided to go on without the contract. After evidence, his Lordship awarded judgment for defendant in both suits.

AN ADVENTUROUS CAREER.

Englishman Arrested in Manila.

The Manila Times of the 1st inst. reports:—Lawrence, who has twice been confined, once as an insurgent and again for breaking his order of deportation, was rearrested on Friday at Malabon by the Philippine Constabulary for aiding the enemy. It is reported that Lawrence when taken had correspondences to the insurgents in his possession, and he is held in the Malabon jail pending action from higher authority.

Lawrence, who is an Englishman, has a record which reads like a dime novel yarn. The first head of him in the Philippines was at Lingayen, where two years ago, when that country was occupied yet by insurgents, he put into that port in a launch named the *Longboat*. Soon after his name, a man named Edwards, reporting to be a prisoner of the enemy was escorted to our lines, and passed through. He alleged that Lawrence and he were Englishmen; that they were bound to Manila from Hongkong on their launch, but were overtaken by the insurgent forces, and their course and running short of coal, they were obliged to put into Lingayen in order to cut wood for fuel to carry them to Manila. On reaching anchorage, his story ran, the launch was bearded by an insurgent officer and party; the men taken prisoner desired their property and nationality, and the launch seized for the insurgent 'Navy'. Later, upon repeated protest, Aguinaldo was supposed to have granted permission to Edwards to go to Manila 'on parole', in order to obtain proof of the nationality of the *Longboat* crew, from the British Consul, and thus obtain release of the boat and persons that they might proceed to Manila.

There was something wrong, however, in this interesting story of events for the consul refused papers to the men or the boat, and Edwards returned in disgrace of his 'parole'. Later he came back to Manila telling people that he had been released by Aguinaldo, but that Lawrence had become unamused of the rebel cause and decided to join their forces, accepting a commission as a major of artillery.

This last incident threw a strong suspicion on the whole story. The popular supposition based on the knowledge of the facts, was that Lawrence was a filibuster, and having landed his cargo, was put about to devise a means of making a plausible entry into Manila harbor, so the prisoner dodge was adopted, but, owing to palpable flaws, fell through. Strength was added to this theory when Dagupan was taken and Lawrence in insurgent uniform was captured skulking on a road. He protested he was not an insurgent and offered the unlikely explanation of his uniform that he had no clothes and these had been loaned him by a rebel officer. He was brought to Manila and confined with other prisoners of war in the Sta. Potenciana prison.

The British Consul refused to recognize him, and later on he was deported to Hongkong and warned not to return. But the return, was recognized on the streets one day by a newspaper reporter who informed the Secret Service and Lawrence once more landed in prison. He was confined at the Quater Espafia, and endeavored to make a play of giving evidence in the Herro trial, in order to favour his own cause by pretending he had overheard someone in Hongkong who had mentioned the name of the rebel commander. He was taken from prison but told such a garbled story that his evidence was refused.

Shortly after he obtained his release and is now heard of again from Malabon in the hands of the Constabulary.

Captain Lawrence now seems to be a candidate for a term of jail for the extradition of which he will continue to ship away, and unless he is a fool he will stay away.

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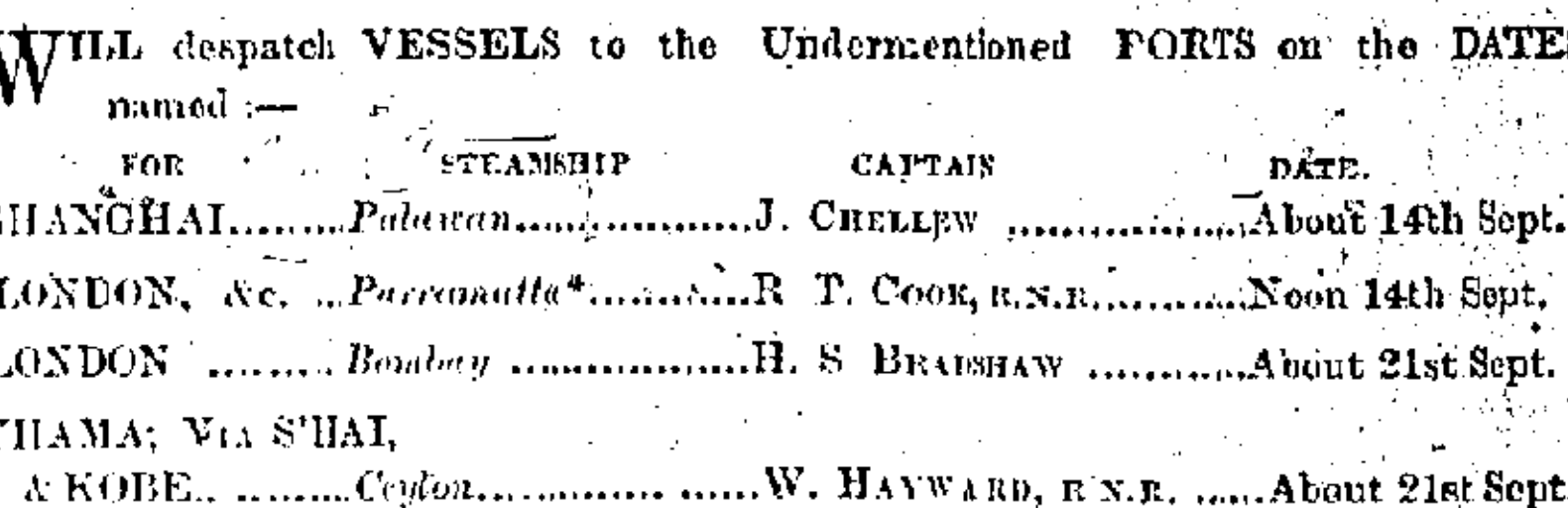
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SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.

Hongkong, July 8, 1901. 142

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

Vessels Advertised as Loading.

| Destination. | Vessels. | Agents. | Date of Leaving. |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|
| Anping, S'row, Amoy | Maidzara Maru (s) | Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Sept. 27. | |
| Australian Ports | Bessato Maru (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 27, at 4 p.m. | |
| P'bay, Spore & P'ang | Binsago (s) | Maxwell & Co. Sept. 11, at noon. | |
| P'bay, Spore & Cebu | Ching (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 13, at noon. | |
| Brasserie of Calcutta | Henrici (s) | Norddeutscher Lloyd Sept. 19. | |
| F'chow, S'row & Amoy | Anping Maru (s) | Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Sept. 11, daylight. | |
| Havre and Hamburg | Arabadia (s) | Hamburg-Am'ka Linie Sept. 21. | |
| Havre and Hamburg | Arabis (s) | Hamburg-Am'ka Linie October 1. | |
| Havre and Hamburg | Koenigsberg (s) | Hamburg-Am'ka Linie Sept. 20. | |
| Iloilo and Cebu | Kalfong (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 13, daylight. | |
| Kobe and Yokohama | Am'ka Maru (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 27, daylight. | |
| Kobe and Yokohama | Bessato Maru (s) | Butterfield & Swire Sept. 15. | |
| Liverpool | Orestes (s) | Butterfield & Swire Sept. 17. | |
| London | Icumenus (s) | Butterfield & Swire Sept. 17. | |
| London | Bombay (s) | P. & O. S. N. Co. About Sept. 21. | |
| London, &c. | Parramatta (s) | P. & O. S. N. Co. Sept. 14, at 4 p.m. | |
| Manila | Diamante (s) | Shewan, Tomes & Co. Sept. 17, at 5 p.m. | |
| Manila | Sunkingien (s) | Butterfield & Swire Sept. 15. | |
| Manila | Am'ka Maru (s) | Jardine, Matheson & Co. Sept. 13, at 5 p.m. | |
| Marseilles, London, &c. | Tamba Maru (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 20, daylight. | |
| N'saki, Kobe, & Y'ma | Yawata Maru (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha Sept. 20, at noon. | |
| N'saki, Kobe, & Y'ma | Radiorshire (s) | Shewan, Tomes & Co. Sept. 13, at 3 p.m. | |
| New York, Suez Canal | Aragonian (s) | Hamburg-Am'ka Linie Sept. 15, a.m. | |
| New York | Manuel Laguno | Shewan, Tomes & Co. Sept. 15, at noon. | |
| New York, Suez Canal | Glorget (s) | McGregor Bros. & Co. About Sept. 24. | |
| Orlando | Indravelli (s) | Jardine, Matheson & Co. About Sept. 16. | |
| Portland, (Or.) | Indravelli (s) | Allen Cameron | About Sept. 11. |
| San Diego & San P'lo | Strathgyle (s) | Butterfield & Swire | About Sept. 15. |
| S. Francisco & Japan | America Maru (s) | Toyok Kisen Kaisha | Sept. 17, at noon. |
| S. Francisco & Japan | Hongkong Maru (s) | Toyok Kisen Kaisha | Oct. 12, at noon. |
| S. Francisco & Japan | Nippon Maru (s) | Toyok Kisen Kaisha | Sept. 17, at noon. |
| Shanghai | Ching (s) | Shewan, Wither & Co. | Sept. 12, afternoon. |
| Shanghai | Ching (s) | P. & O. S. N. Co. | About Sept. 11. |
| Shanghai | Wensung (s) | Butterfield & Swire | Sept. 13. |
| Shanghai | Whannop (s) | Butterfield & Swire | Sept. 20. |
| Shanghai and P'owang | Koenigsberg (s) | Hamburg-Am'ka Linie | Oct. 19. |
| Singapore, Penang, & China | (s) | Sander, Wither & Co. | Sept. 17. |
| S'row, Amoy, P'ow, & Ch'ing | Ching (s) | Donkey Lapsack & Co. | Sept. 13, at 10 a.m. |
| Sydney & Melbourne | Ching (s) | Gibb, Livingston & Co. | Oct. 3, at noon. |
| Tientsin | Kwiyang (s) | Butterfield & Swire | Sept. 20. |
| Vancouver (B.C.), & Empress of Japan | (s) | Canadian P'lo R. Co. | Sept. 25. |
| Victoria, B.C., &c. | Olympia (s) | Dowell & Co., Ltd. | Oct. 1. |
| Victoria, B.C., &c. | Victoria (s) | Dowell & Co., Limited | Oct. 15. |
| Victoria, B.C., &c. | Riojin Maru (s) | Nippon Yusen Kaisha | Sept. 16, at 4 p.m. |
| Yokohama and Kobe | Trieste (s) | Sander, Wither & Co. | Sept. 17. |
| Y'ma | Ching (s) | P. & O. S. N. Co. | About Sept. 21. |
| Y'ma | Ching (s) | Butterfield & Swire | Sept. 15. |

SEPTEMBER 10, 1901

| Stocks. | No. of Shares. | Ydnc. | Paid up. | Closing Quotations, Cash. |
|---|----------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| BANKS. | | | | |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp. | 80,000 | \$ 125 | all | \$ 605 |
| Bank of China & Japan, Limited | 100,875 | £ 4 | 15 | Shanghai, £217.6. |
| North China Insurance Co., Ltd. | 1,250 | £ 1 | 1 | £ 5.5 |
| National Bank of China, Limited | 19,970 | £ 10 | £ 8 | 824, buyers |
| Do, Founders' shares | 29,955 | £ 1 | £ 1 | 828, buyers |
| Do, Founders' shares | 7.0 | £ 1 | £ 1 | \$122, sellers |
| MARINE INSURANCES. | | | | |
| Canton Insurance Office Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | \$ 250 | \$ 50 | \$170, sellers |
| China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | 24,000 | £ 83.33 | £ 25 | \$201, sales & sellers |
| North China Insurance Co., Ltd. | 5,000 | £ 100 | £ 25 | Ths 1924 |
| Straits Insurance Co., Ltd. | 30,000 | £ 100 | £ 25 | nom. |
| Union Insurance Society, Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 250 | \$ 5 | \$340 |
| Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd. | 8,000 | £ 100 | £ 60 | \$122, sellers |
| FIRE INSURANCES. | | | | |
| China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | 20,000 | £ 100 | 20 | \$88, sellers |
| Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | 8,000 | £ 253 | \$ 50 | \$342, sellers |
| DOCKS, ETC. | | | | |
| Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co. Ltd. | 50,000 | \$ 50 | all | \$275 |
| Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited | 4,000 | £ 25 | 25 | \$55, sellers |
| New Amoy Dock Co., Ltd. | 4,000 | £ 67 | £ 67 | \$ 5, sellers |
| S. C. Farham, Boyd & Co., Ltd. | 53,740 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 245, buyers |
| STEAMBOAT LINES, ETC. | | | | |
| China and Manila S. S. Co., Ltd. | 14,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 50 | \$92, sellers |
| Douglas Steamship Co., Limited | 20,000 | £ 50 | all | \$50, sellers |
| H.K. C. and M. Steamboat Co., Ltd. | 80,000 | £ 15 | £ 15 | \$344, buyers |
| Indo-China S. N. Company, Limited | 20,000 | £ 10 | all | \$145 |
| China Mutual S. N. Co. | 20,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$12 |
| Do, (new issue) | 20,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$17 |
| Star Ferry Company, Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$24, byrs, \$92, b/yrs, n |
| Shall Transport & Trading Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 1 | £ 1 | \$212.6, sellers |
| Shanghai Tug Boat Co., Ltd. | 1,000 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 333, buyers |
| Toku Tug and Lighter Co., Ltd. | 8,000 | Tls. 50 | Tls. 50 | Ths 140, buyers |
| Shanghai Coal Boat Co., Ltd. | 2,000 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 127, sales |
| Co-operative Coal Boat Co., Ltd. | 2,000 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 127, ex div., sales |
| SUGAR INDUSTRY. | | | | |
| China Sugar Company, Limited | 20,000 | £ 100 | all | \$136 |
| Luzon Sugar Company, Limited | 7,001 | £ 100 | all | \$36, sellers |
| Perak Sugar Cultivation Co., Ltd. | 7,003 | Tls. 50 | Tls. 50 | Ths 77 1/2 |
| WHAVERIES. | | | | |
| H.K. & Kow. Wharf & Godown Co. (Wholesale Warehouse and Storage) Company, Limited | 30,000 | £ 50 | all | \$97, buyers |
| Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Co., Ltd. | 15,100 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 205, buyers |
| LAND AND BUILDING. | | | | |
| Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited | 50,000 | £ 100 | 100 | \$101, sales |
| Shanghai Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited | 20,000 | Tls. 50 | Tls. 50 | Ths 100, buyers |
| Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited | 6,000 | £ 5 | £ 30 | \$301, buyers |
| Wei-hei-wei Land & Building Co., Ltd. | 3,000 | Tls. 25 | Tls. 25 | Ths 20 |
| Humphreys Estate & Finance Co., Ltd. | 100,000 | £ 10 | all | \$131, sellers |
| West Point Building Co., Limited | 12,500 | £ 50 | £ 50 | \$51, buyers |
| TRAMWAYS. | | | | |
| HK High-Level Tramways Co., Ltd. | 1,250 | £ 100 | all | \$275, buyers |
| MINE. | | | | |
| Jolebu Mining & Trading Co., Ltd. | 60,000 | £ 5 | all | \$41, sellers |
| New Punjani Mining Co., Ltd. | 60,000 | £ 9 | all | \$5, sellers |
| Do, Preference shares | 30,000 | £ 1 | all | \$125 |
| Société Française des Charbonnages du Tonkin | 16,000 | Tls. 250 | all | \$335 |
| Quebec Mine, Limited | 400,000 | 25 cents | 25 cents | 4 cents |
| Raub Aust. Gold Mining Co., Ltd. | 300,000 | £ 1 | 18 | \$12, buyers |
| Oliver's Freshold Mines, Ltd. | 115,000 | £ 5 | £ 5 | Nom. |
| Do, 845,000 | £ 5 | £ 5 | £ 5 | Nom. |
| HOTELS, ETC. | | | | |
| Hongkong Hotel Company, Ltd. | 12,000 | £ 50 | all | \$127, buyers |
| Oriente Hotel, Manila | 7,000 | £ 50 | £ 30 | \$55 |
| Astor House Hotel, (Tientsin) | 2,000 | Tls. 60 | Tls. 60 | Ths 115 |
| PRESERVABLES. | | | | |
| A. S. Watson & Co., Limited | 60,000 | £ 10 | all | \$15, sellers |
| Watkins Limited | 10,000 | £ 10 | £ 20 | \$15, sellers |
| LOCOMOTIVE. | | | | |
| H.K. and China Gas Co., Limited | 7,000 | £ 10 | all | \$140, buyers |
| Shanghai Gas Company, Ltd. | 8,000 | Tls. 50 | Tls. 50 | Ths 112 |
| Hongkong Electric Co., Limited | 30,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$121, buyers |
| New Electric Co., Ltd. | 30,000 | £ 10 | £ 5 | \$30, buyers |
| BRICK AND CEMENT. | | | | |
| Green Island Cement Co., Ltd. | 50,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$31, sellers |
| MISCELLANEOUS. | | | | |
| Manila Investment Co., Ltd. | 20,000 | £ 50 | £ 50 | \$30, Nom. |
| Bells Asbestos Eastern Agency, Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 1 | £ 1 | \$10 |
| United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$10, sales & buyers |
| Hongkong Bakery Company, Ltd. | 600 | £ 50 | £ 50 | \$50 |
| Hk. Steam Waterboat Co., Ltd. | 7,000 | £ 10 | £ 7 | \$8, buyers |
| Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 41 | all | \$133, buyers |
| Hongkong Electric Co., Limited | 5,000 | £ 10 | £ 10 | \$121, buyers |
| Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd. | 7,500 | £ 20 | £ 20 | Ths 340, sales |
| Tebrau Planting Company, Ltd. | 20,000 | £ 5 | £ 5 | \$1 |
| H'kong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | £ 50 | all | \$122, sales |
| Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd. | 120,000 | £ 100 | £ 100 | \$11, buyers |
| Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd. | 17,500 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 40, buyers |
| International Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 35 |
| Laos-Kung-Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd. | 8,000 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 40 |
| Sor Chee Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd. | 2,000 | Tls. 500 | Tls. 500 | Ths 300 |
| Yahkoo Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd. | 7,500 | Tls. 100 | Tls. 100 | Ths 123 |
| China Permanent Loan Mortgage Co., Ltd. | 80,000 | £ 20 | £ 10 | \$9, sales |
| China Borneo Company, Ltd. | 7,500 | £ 20 | £ 15 | \$38 |
| Universal Trading Co., Ltd. | 20,000 | £ 20 | £ 20 | \$104, buyers |
| Robinson Piano Co. Ltd. | 3,200 | £ 20 | £ 20 | \$60 |

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of each English and French

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Not Responsible for Debts.
NEITHER the Captain the Agents, nor the Owners will be Responsible for any debt contracted by the Officers or Crew in the following Vessel, during its stay at Hongkong Harbour:—
LAUNBERG, British barque, Capt. J. C. McDonnell. — A. G. Morris.

The s.s. *Indrapragati* left Portland for Hongkong, via Japan ports on the 28th of August.

The N. P. Co.'s s.s. *Olympia* sailed from Tacoma, for Japan and Hongkong, on the 24th August.

The s.s. *Oronsay* sailed from New York on the 21st August, for Straits, Hongkong, China and Japan.

2. TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.
3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the nearest of air saturated with moisture being 100.
4. DIRECTION OF WIND, on a two point scale.
5. FORCE OF WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.
6. STATE OF WEATHER, in blue sky, detached clouds, drizzling rain, fog, gloomy, hail, lightning, overcast, passing showers, squally, rain, snow, thunder, visibility, ice dew (wet).
7. RAIN, in inches, tenths, and hundredths.

On the 1st at 11:00. The clouds have risen slightly on the China coast. The pressure is high over N. China, and relatively low over the Pacific to the SE of the clouds. Gradients slight for NE winds on the China coast, and for SW winds over middle part of the China Sea. Forecasts: light to moderate NE winds; probably rain.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Alhambra Limited..... | |
| LOANS. | Amount. |
| Chinese Imperial 1886 L.Ts. 767,200 | |

Printed and published by THOS. H.

| <u>Vaux.</u> | <u>Interest.</u> | <u>Quotation.</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
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